Ниже даются образцы тестов, которые будут предложены на вступительном экзамене в магистратуру по английскому языку. Тесты включают задания на: 1) фразовые глаголы, 2) выбор слов, 3) употребление времен, 4) понимание законченного текста.

PLACEMENT TEST

I. I	Insert the correct prepositions.
1.	Are you good foreign languages?
2.	My sister is always angry me when I am late.
3.	My teacher wasn't satisfied my answer.
	His friend is fond music.
5.	The old man was tired hard work in the garden.
	You shouldn't depend Tom, he never keeps his word.
7.	Young people all over the world like to listen music everywhere they go.
	I can look your baby while you go shopping.
	Who has paid the meal?
	.The man was so deeply absorbed his thoughts that he didn't notice me.
II.	Complete the sentences:
1.	After college Edna began to mathematics in a school.
	A. work B. teach C. study
2.	cars parked in the area will be removed by the police.
	A. Nothing B. Any C. Some
3.	her many novels, Agatha Christie published a number of stories about
	Hercule Poirot.
	A. Except B. Besides C. But for
4.	When I heard I could not help shouting with joy.
	A. this news B. these news C. these newses
5.	The lecturer spoke clearly, and we were able to hear every word.
	A. enough B. quite C. not at all
6.	When I university I am going to work as an architect.
	A. will graduate B. graduate from C. finish
7.	In this cottage Anna felt, especially in the evening.
	A. lonely B. alone
8.	It will take time to learn the rules of chess, but you'll find this game
	interesting.
	A. little B. a little C. few
9.	I don't see any particular difference between the two cars. One is no better than
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	A. other B. another C. the other
10.	. Are you sure you can buy a phone this small sum of money?
	A. on B. for C. with

III a. Translate the following sentences into English.

- 1. С тех пор как я поступил в университет, я сделал несколько презентаций по нескольким дисциплинам.
- 2. Зачем ты сказал неправду? Отцу будет нетрудно понять, чья это идея. Никто не хочет, чтобы его обманывали его дети.
- 3. Ты опять опоздала на 20 минут. Ты постоянно опаздываешь.
- 4. Где он сейчас? Он ходит по магазинам. Я ожидаю, что он вернется через два часа.
- 5. Давайте поедем и посмотрим наш загородный дом. Он сейчас строится.
- 6. Утром друзья обычно подвозят меня до работы на своей машине. Но сегодня утром я еду на работу на автобусе. Самый полезный способ ходить на работу пешком, если место работы расположено не слишком далеко от твоего дома.
- 7. Я уверен, что никому из мальчиков не понравится эта пьеса. И Майк, и Пит предпочитают кино театру.
- 8. Я знаю, что автобус отправляется по понедельникам в 5 утра. Но в прошлый понедельник я пришел на автобусную остановку в 5 часов, а автобус уже ушел.
- 9. Ты знаешь этого человека? Да, я хорошо его знаю. Я знаю его уже 5 лет.
- 10. Я не думаю, что поеду в Рязань на следующей неделе. Я буду очень занят.

III b. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form:

1 I wonder why Linda (not arrive) yet She said she (phone) us
before leaving the flat.
2. I was happy when I (become) a pilot because it (be) my ambition since childhood. I (work) for half a year by now.
3. Last Sunday Mrs Flincher finally moved into her new flat. She (unpack) for days now, and she (not finish) yet.
4. I have a long trip ahead of me tomorrow. But let me (say) good-bye now in case I (see) you in the morning.
5. We (walk) rather long when we (see) the museum we
(read) about in the guide-book. Unfortunately, it (be closed) and nobody (can) tell us when they (open) it.
6. Nick (be) keen on computer games for years. He (play) them morning, noon and night. Last week he even (cut) his lessons to play games.
7. It (to be) years since I (to come) to London. – You (to live)
here all these years and (to speak) fluently now.
8. It is a pity she didn't see this article when she was preparing for her research. If she (see) the information, she certainly (use) it.

9. Right now he ₋	(not/do) well at the seminary. Unless he ((attend)
classes every day l	ne (be) expelled.	
10. It (to be	e) stupid of you to tell lies in your father's presence yestere	day.

IV. Read the text and answer the questions below.

It was the first photograph that I had ever seen, and it **fascinated** me. I can remember holding it at every angle in order to catch the **flickering** light from the oil lamp on the dresser. The man in the photograph was unsmiling, but his eyes were kind. I had never met him, but I felt that I knew him. One evening when I was looking at the photograph, as I always did before I went to sleep, I noticed a shadow across the man's thin face. I moved the photograph so that the shadow lay perfectly around his hollow cheeks. How different he looked!

That night I could not sleep, thinking about the letter that I would write. First, I would tell him that I was eleven years old, and that if he had a little girl my age, she could write to me instead of him. I knew that he was a very busy man. Then I would explain to him the real purpose of my letter. I would tell him how wonderful he looked with the shadow that I had seen across his photograph, and I would most carefully suggest that he grow whiskers.

Four months later when I met him at the train station near my home in Westfield, New York, he was wearing a full beard. He was so much taller than I had imagined from my tiny photograph.

"Ladies and gentlemen", – he said, – "I have no speech to make and no time to make **it** in. I appear before you that I may see you and that you may see me." Then he picked me right up and kissed me on both cheeks. The whiskers scratched. "Do you think I look better, my little friend?" he asked me

My name is Grace Bedell, and the man in the photograph was Abraham Lincoln.

- 1. What is the author's main purpose in the passage?
- (A) To explain how Grace Bedell took a photograph of Abraham Lincoln
- (B) To explain why Abraham Lincoln wore a beard
- (C) To explain why the first photographs were significant in American life
- (D) To explain why Westfield is an important city
- 2. The word "fascinated" in line 1 could best be replaced by
- (A) interested

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- (B) confused
- (C) frightened
- 3. The word "flickering" in line 2 is closest in meaning to
- (A) burning very dimly

- (B) burning constantly
- (C) burning unsteadily
- 4. The man in the photograph
- (A) was smiling
- (B) looked kind
- (C) had a round, fat face
- 5. What did Grace Bedell do every night before she went to sleep?
- (A) She read stories.
- (B) She looked at the photograph.
- (C) She made shadow figures on the wall.
- 6. The little girl could not sleep because she was
- (A) lonely
- (B) sick
- (C) excited
- 7. Why did the little girl write the man a letter?
- (A) She wanted him to grow a beard.
- (B) She wanted his daughter to write to her.
- (C) She was lonely.
- 8. The word "it" in line 17 refers to
- (A) time
- (B) photograph
- (C) speech
- 9. From this passage, it may be inferred that
- (A) Lincoln made a long speech at the station in Westfield
- (B) There were many people waiting for Lincoln to arrive on the train
- (C) Grace Bedell was the only one at the train station when Lincoln stopped at Westfield
- 10. Why did the author wait until the last line to reveal the identity of the man in the photograph?
- (A) The author wanted to build the interest and curiosity of the reader.
- (B) The author did not know it.
- (C) The author wanted to make the reader feel foolish.